

MODEL EXAMINATION - FEBRUARY 2023
COMPUTER SCIENCE (083)
CLASS: XII
Date: 14/02/23
Marks: 70
Time: 3 Hour

## General Instructions:

1. This question paper contains five sections, Section A to E.
2. All questions are compulsory.
3. Section $A$ has 18 questions carrying 01 mark each.
4. Section B has 07 Very Short Answer type questions carrying 02 marks each.
5. Section C has 05 Short Answer type questions carrying 03 marks each.
6. Section D has 03 Long Answer type questions carrying 05 marks each.
7. Section E has 02 questions carrying 04 marks each. One internal choice is given in Q34 against part c only.
8. All programming questions are to be answered using Python Language only.

## SECTION A

1. State True or False

1
"List can be used as keys of a dictionary."
2. Which of the following can be used as valid variable identifiers in Python?
(a) 4th Sum
(b) Total
(c) Number\#
(d) _Data
3. Consider the code:
t1 $=(2,3,4,5,6)$
print(t1.index(4))
Output is
(a) 4
(b) 5
(c) 6
(d) 2
4. Consider the given expression
not True and not (False or False)
Which of the following will be correct output if the given expression is evaluated?
(a) True
(b) False
(c) NONE
(d) NULL
5. What will be the output of the following Python code?

```
d = {'D': "DIFF", 'S': "SUM", `P': "PROD"}
for i in d:
    print(i, end=":")
```

(a) $\mathrm{D}: \mathrm{S}: \mathrm{P}$
(b) DIFF:SUM:PROD:
(c) $\mathrm{D}: \mathrm{S}: \mathrm{P}:$
(d) DIFF:SUM:PROD
6. If we want to know the current position of the file, which method can be applied: 1
(a) $\operatorname{see} \mathrm{k}()$
(b) tell()
(c) read()
(d) $\operatorname{pos}()$
7. To remove the data of Pawan from table student which command is used:
(a) Delete * from student where FirstName="Pawan";
(b) Delete from table student where FirstName="Pawan";
(c) Delete from student where FirstName="Pawan";
(d) Drop from student where FirstName="Pawan";
8. Which of the following types of table constraints will prevent the entry of duplicate rows?
(a) Primary Key
(b) NOT NULL
(c) Duplicate (d) Distinct
9. Suppose content of 'Myfile.txt' is

## Honesty is the best policy.

What will be the output of the following code?
myfile = open("Myfile.txt")
$x=$ myfile.read()
print(len(x))
myfile.close()
(a) 5
(b) 25
(c) 26
(d) 27
10. Which MySQL command is used to see the structure of a table/ relation?
(a) Desc
(b) Show
(c) Display
(d) Select
11. Which of the following is not a function / method of csv module in Python?
(a) read()
(b) reader()
(c) writer()
(d) writerow()
12. The $\qquad$ command is used to remove a table in SQL.
(a) DELETE
(b) ALTER
(c) DROP
(d) TCL
13. Which of the following is a unique name given to a website?
(a) URL
(b) WWW
(c) HTTPS
(d) FTP
14. Evaluate the following expression:

12 * $(3 \% 4) / / 2+6$
(a) 21
(b) 24
(c) 18
(d) 6
15. All aggregate functions except $\qquad$ ignore null values in their input collection.
(a) Count(attribute)
(b) Count (*)
(c) $\operatorname{Avg}()$
(d) $\operatorname{Sum}()$
16. Name the method which is used for displaying only one result set.
(a) fetchall()
(b) fetchone()
fetch(one)
(d) onefetch()

Q17 and 18 are ASSERTION AND REASONING based questions. Mark the correct choice as
(a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation for A
(b) Both A and R are true and R is not the correct explanation for A
(c) A is True but R is False
(d) A is false but R is True
17. Assertion (A):- File mode 'a' overwrites the data in the file.

Reasoning (R):- File mode 'w' is used for writing data to a file.
18. Assertion (A):- A function may or may not return a value.

Reason (R):- When a function does not have a return statement, the value returned is NULL.

## SECTION B

19. Rewrite the following Python program after removing all the syntactical errors (if any), underlining each correction:
def checkval:
```
    x = input("Enter a number")
    if x % 2 =0:
        print (x, "is even")
    elseif x<0:
        print (x, "should be positive")
    else:
        print (x, "is odd")
```

20. What is protocol? Name two commonly used protocols.

## OR

Write any two advantages of star topology.
21. (a) Given is a Python string declaration:
myexam="EXAM23@cbse.com"
Write the output of:
print (myexam[ : : -2])
(b) Write the output of the code given below:
fruit=\{ \}
$m 1=\left[` a p p l e^{\prime}, ~ ' b a n a n a ', ~ ' A P P L E '\right]$
for index in m1:

```
    if index in fruit:
    fruit[index]+=1
        else:
    fruit[index]=1
print(len(fruit))
print(fruit)
```

22. A result set is extracted from the database using the cursor object (that has been already created) by giving the following statements.
$\mathrm{n}=10$
Myrecords =mycursor.fetchmany(n)
(a) How many records will be returned by fetchmany ( n ) method?
(b) What will be the datatype of Myrecords object after the given command is executed?
23. (a) Write the full forms of the following:
(i) XML
(ii) POP3
(b) What is the function of a HTTPS in a network?
24. Predict the output of the Python code given below:
```
def replaceV(st):
    newstr = " "
    for character in st:
        if character in "aeiouAEIOU":
            newstr+="*"
        else:
            newstr+=character
    return newstr
st = "Hello how are you"
st1 = replaceV(st)
print("The modified String is: ", st1)
```


## OR

What possible output(s) are expected to be displayed on screen from the options below at time of execution of the program from the following code? Justify.
import random
Colours = ["VIOLET","INDIGO","BLUE","GREEN",
"YELLOW","ORANGE","RED"]
End= randrange (2) +3
Begin $=$ randrange (End) +1
for i in range(Begin,End) :
print(Colours[i],end="\&")
(i) INDIGO\&BLUE\&GREEN\&
(ii) VIOLET\&INDIGO\&BLUE\&
(iii) BLUE\&GREEN\&YELLOW\&
(iv) GREEN\&YELLOW\&ORANGE\&
25. Differentiate between HAVING and WHERE clause in SQL?

## OR

Differentiate between DDL and DML with suitable examples for each.

## SECTION C

26. (a) Define equi join in MySQL.
(b) Consider the following tables.

Table: Employee

| EmployeeId | Name | Sales | JobId |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| E1 | Sumita Sinha | 110000 | 102 |
| E2 | Vijay Singh Tomar | 130000 | 101 |
| E3 | Ajay Rajpal | 140000 | 103 |
| E4 | Mohit Kumar | 125000 | 102 |
| E5 | Sailja Singh | 145000 | 103 |

Table: Job

| JobId | JobTitle | Salary |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 101 | President | 200000 |
| 102 | Vice President | 125000 |
| 103 | Administrator Assistant | 80000 |
| 104 | Accounting Manager | 70000 |
| 105 | Accountant | 65000 |
| 106 | Sales Manager | 80000 |

Give the output of following SQL statement:
(i) SELECT MAX(Salary), MIN(Salary) FROM Job;
(ii) SELECT Name, JobTitle, Sales FROM Employee, Job WHERE

Employee.JobId=Job.JobId AND Employee.JobId in $(101,102)$;
(iii) SELECT JobId,COUNT(*) FROM Employee GROUP BY JobId;
(iv) SELECT * FROM Job WHERE JobTitle LIKE "\%in\%";
27. Write a function in Python to read a text file 'PARA.txt' and display the number of words in each line of this file.
For example: if the file PARA.txt contains:
Whose woods these are I think I Know.
His house is in the village though;
He will not see me stopping here
To watch his woods, fill up with snow.

Output should be: 8778

## OR

Write a function in Python that counts the number of words with more than 7 characters from the text file 'DEMO.txt".
For example: if the file DEMO.txt contains:
Today is a pleasant day.
It might rain today.
It is mentioned on weather sites
Output should be: 2
28. Consider the following tables Sender and Recipient. Write SQL commands for the
statements (a) to (c)
Table: Sender

| SenderID | SenderName | SenderAddress | SenderCity |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| ND01 | R Jain | 2, ABC Appls | New Delhi |
| MU02 | H Sinha | 12 Newtown | Mumbai |
| MU15 | S Jha | 27/A, Park Street | Mumbai |
| ND50 | T Prasad | 122-K, SDA | New Delhi |

Table: Recipient

| RecID | SenderID | RecName | RecAddress | RecCity |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| KO05 | ND01 | R Bajpayee | 5, Central Avenue | Kolkata |
| ND08 | MU02 | S Mahajan | 116, A-Vihar | New Delhi |
| MU19 | ND01 | H Singh | 2A, Andheri East | Mumbai |

(a) To display Recipient details in ascending order of RecName.
(b) To display number of Recipients from each city.
(c) To display the details of senders whose sender city is 'Mumbai'.
29. Write a function listchange(Arr) in Python, which accepts a listArr of numbers, the function will replace the even numbers by value 10 and multiply odd numbers by 5 .

Sample Input Data of the list is:
$a=[10,20,23,45]$
listchange(a)
Output: [10, 10, 115, 225]
30. Teena has created a list of marks of 10 students. Write a user defined function to perform the following operations based on this list:
(i) $\operatorname{PUSH}()$ - To push the marks into a stack, where the marks are greater than 80.
(ii) $\operatorname{POP}()-$ To pop the elements of the stack and display them. Also display
"Stack Empty" when there are no elements in the stack.

## For example:

If the sample content of the list is as follows:
$M=[90,45,79,84,92,60,59,95,35,88]$
Sample output of the code should be:
8895928490 Stack Empty

## OR

Write a user defined function in Python, STACKPUSH(Student) where, Student is a dictionary containing the details of students- $\{$ Roll : Name $\}$. The function should push the names of those students in a stack STACK whose names starts with letter A.
Also write another function POP(STACK) to remove and display the element of Stack, STACK.
For example:
If the dictionary contains the following data:
Student = \{101:"Arun", 102:"Ben", 103:"Patrick", 104:"Abhay" \}
The stack, STACK should contain
Abhay
Arun

## SECTION D

31. PVS Computers decided to open a new office at Ernakulum, the office consist of

Five buildings and each contains number of computers. The details are shown below.


Distance between buildings

| Building 1 and 2 | 20 Meters |
| :--- | :--- |
| Building 2 and 3 | 50 Meters |
| Building 3 and 4 | 120 Meters |
| Building 3 and 5 | 70 Meters |
| Building 1 and 5 | 65 Meters |
| Building 2 and 5 | 50 Meters |
| Building 1 and 3 | 80 Meters |

Number of Computers

| Building | No of Computers |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 40 |
| 2 | 45 |
| 3 | 110 |
| 4 | 70 |
| 5 | 60 |

Computers in each building are networked but buildings are not networked so far. The Company has now decided to connect building also.
(i) Suggest cable layout(s) for connecting the buildings.
(ii) Do you think Repeaters are required anywhere in the campus? Why and Where to place?
(iii)The company wants to link this office to their head office at Delhi.
(a) Which type of transmission medium is appropriate for such a link?
(b) What type of network would this connection result into?
(iv) Where server is to be installed? Why?
(v) Suggest the wired Transmission Media used to connect all buildings efficiently.
32. (a) Give the output of the following code:

```
def makenew(mystr):
    newstr=" "
    count = 0
    for i in mystr:
        if count%2 != 0:
            newstr = newstr+str(count)
        else:
            if i.islowerO:
                newstr= newstr+i.upper()
            else:
                newstr =newstr+i
        count +=1
    newstr =newstr+mystr[:1]
    print("The new string is :", newstr)
makenew("sTUdeNT")
```

(b) The code given below inserts the following record in the table PAINTING in
the database GALLERY: The table Painting has the following data:
PicID - integer
Title- string
Artist - string
Price - integer
Write the following missing statements to complete the code:
Statement 1- to establish connection
Statement 2 - to form the cursor object
Statement 3-query to add the record
Statement 4 - to add the record permanently in the database.

```
import mysql.connector as PIC
AR=PIC.connect(___) #Statement 1
Paint= #Statement 2
PicID=i\nt(input("Enter Picture Number :: "))
```

```
Title=input("Enter Title:: ")
Artist=input("Enter Artist Name :: ")
Price=int(input("Enter Price :: "))
Query=" #Statment 3
Paint.execute(Query)
    # Statement 4
print("Data Added successfully")
```


## OR

(a) Give the output of the following code:

```
def deviation(X,I):
    if X>Y:
        return X- Y
    else:
        return Y-X
NUM= [20,30,34,89,74,23]
for CNT in range (4,0,-1):
        A=NUM[CNT]
        B=NUM[CNT-1]
        print(deviation(A,B),'#', end=" ")
```

(b) The code given below reads the following record from the table named

PAINTING and displays only those records which belong to the artist 'Van
Gogh':
The table Painting has the following data:
PicID - integer
Title - string
Artist - string
Price - integer
Note the following to establish connectivity between Python and MYSQL:

- Username is root
- Password is tiger
- The table exists in a MYSQL database named GALLERY.

Write the following missing statements to complete the code:
Statement 1- to establish connection
Statement 2- to form the cursor object
Statement 3- create a query that extracts records of artist Van Gogh
Statement 4- to get the result set of the query
import mysql.connector as AR
def sql_data(): PIC $=$ AR.connect (__ ) \#Statement 1 GA $=$ \#Statement 2 print("Paintings belonging to Van Gogh are: ") \#Statement 3
GA. execute (QR) GetD=_ \#Statement 4 for $X$ in GetD:
print (X)
print()
33. (a) Explain the seek() function with an example.
(b) Sham is creating a CSV file which has records of the following type [Sportname, Coachname]
Write a Program in Python that defines and calls the following user defined functions:
(i) INSERT_REC()- To accept and add data of Sportname and Coachname to a file 'SPORTS.csv'.
(ii) SHOW_REC(SP) - which displays the Coachname of a sport SP given as parameter from the file 'SPORTS.csv'. It should also count the number of coaches coaching the sport SP.

## OR

(a) Explain the use of tell() function with an example.
(b) Anu is creating a CSV file 'album.csv' which contains records with following fields [music_id, artist, rating].
Write a Program in Python that defines and calls the following user defined functions:
(i) Getdata()- To accept and add data of a music album to the file album.csv.
(ii) Dispdata() - To display the records of the albums whose rating is above 4.

## SECTION E

34. ABC school is considering to maintain their student's information using SQL to store
the data. As a database administrator Harendra has decided that:
Name of the database : SCHOOL
Name of table : STUDENT
Table: STUDENT

| AdminssionNo | FirstName | LastName | DOB |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 012355 | Rahul | Singh | $2005-05-16$ |
| 012358 | Mukesh | Kumar | $2004-09-15$ |
| 012360 | Pawan | Verma | $2004-03-03$ |
| 012366 | Mahesh | Kumar | $2003-06-08$ |
| 012367 | Raman | Patel | $2007-03-19$ |

Based on the data given above answer the following questions:
(i) If 2 columns are deleted and 2 rows are added in the table STUDENT, what will be the new degree and cardinality of the above table?
(ii) Identity the most appropriate column to be made as primary key? Justify your answer.
(iii) Write the statements to:
(a) Insert a new column called Phonenumber - Integer type to the table.
(b) Alter the Firstname Pawan as "Pavan".

## OR (Option for part iii and iv only)

(iv) Write the statements to:
(a) Sort the records in descending order of LastName.
(b) Add a new record with the following data 012388, Varun,Shah, 2003-
35. Poornima has been given the following incomplete code for searching for an email from the file "Sender dat" which contains records of following structure: [name, email_id]. She has written the following code. As a programmer, help her to successfully execute the given task.

```
import
        _
        # Statement 1
f = open(___) # Statement 2
data= # Statement 3
em = input("Enter E-mail id to be searched: ")
for rec in data:
    if
                                    #Statement 4
            print (rec)
f.close()
```

(a) Name the module she should import in Statement .1
(b) Fill in the blank Statement 2 where Poornima should open the file to search the data in the file.
(c) Fill in the blank in Statement 3 to read the data from the file.
(d) Fill in the blank in Statement 4 to check for given email id.

